高一	→般
平3	3 1

1

※解答はすべて解答用紙に記入しなさい。

問題A (1),(2)のそれぞれの会話の中で女性が話題にしているものとして最も適当なのは、アー エのうちではどれですか。一つ答えなさい。









工

理科の授業で行う内容について,先生が説明をしています。説明の要点が分かるように, 問題B (あ) (i)にそれぞれ英語1語を入れなさい。

• You don't have to give	(あ)	water to flowers.
• You have to give water	(い)	a day.

(2)

- 問題C (1),(2)のそれぞれの会話に対する質問の答えとして最も適当なのは、ア〜エのうちでは どれですか。一つ答えなさい。
  - She will go to Hokkaido by train.

イ

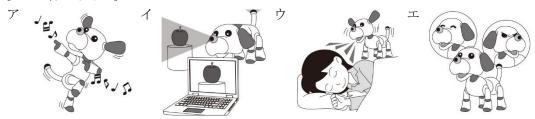
- イ She will go to Hokkaido by car.ウ She will go to Hokkaido on foot.
- (1)
  - She will go hiking if it is sunny.

「ア	She has a headache.
イ	She went to see a doctor.
ウ	She took medicine last night.
工	She has no idea.

- Chris はテレビで新製品の紹介を見ています。その新商品の紹介文を聞いて①, ②に答 問題D えなさい。
  - (あ) ①次の文は新製品の紹介をまとめたものです。 (う) にそれぞれ適当な英語 1 語を入れなさい。

This robot is (あ) "ROBODOG". It is a dog-shaped robot made by ABC company. It has been popular in Japan for almost 10 years and the newest version of ROBODOG will be on sale in 3 months. The latest one can do more things than the old one. It can with people. I think it'll become your good  $(\langle v \rangle)$ (う)

②新製品に新たにつけ加えられた機能について最も適当なものは、アーエのうちではどれです か。一つ答えなさい。

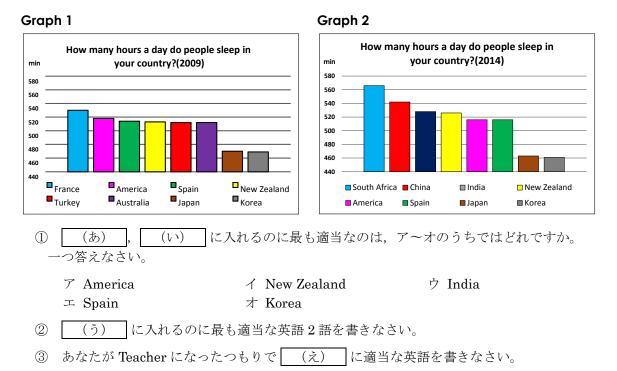


2 社会の授業で「世界各国の睡眠時間の推移」について話をしています。次は、その会話の英文と会話の内容に関する Graph(グラフ)1,2 です。①~③に答えなさい。

Teacher と Kumi と Satoshi の会話

Teacher : Last week we learned about the sleeping hours around the world. Today, I'll show you two interesting graphs. Look at them. The graphs show the number of hours people sleep in many countries. Can you find something different between them? Kumi : Yes, South Africa, (あ) and China are new to the \*survey in 2014. Teacher : That's right. What else? Satoshi : People in Japan sleep as long as people in (l, l)They slept the shortest of the 8 countries in both 2009 and 2014. Teacher : Then do you know we should sleep for good health? (う) : Seven hours? Eight hours? Kumi Teacher : It \*depends on the age. I think that children (え) sleeping hours than adults. Satoshi : As the \*proverb says, "Sleep is better than medicine." : That's right. We would be wise to get enough sleep. Kumi

〔注〕 survey 調査 proverb ことわざ depend on ~ ~次第である



次の①,②,③の に最も適当な英語1語を入れ、それぞれが自然な会話にな

3 るようにしなさい。

- ① A: How did you spend your winter holidays?
  - B: My parents were very busy, so I had a lot of things to do at home.
  - A: Really? What did you have to do?
  - B: I had to take \_\_\_\_\_ of my sisters.
- ② A: Hello, this is Tom. May I speak to Kumi?
  - B: Yes, this is Kumi. What's up?
  - A: My parents will \_\_\_\_\_ me to the zoo next weekend. Why don't you come with us?
  - $B \div \ I'd$  love to.

4

- 3 A : I'm a member of the tennis club. Please join us.
  - B: I'm sorry. I don't like tennis.
  - A: What sports do you like then?
  - B: My \_\_\_\_\_ sport is basketball. I like to watch NBA on TV.

ある授業で生徒A, B, C, Dはミャンマーにある小さな図書館について話し合いま した。次の英文は4人が話した内容です。英文を読んで①~⑤に答えなさい。

- A : Do you know about Zaw Zaw's library in \*Myanmar? The library is in a small town. Most libraries in Myanmar have around 900 books. Some libraries have fewer than twenty books. However, there are about 3,000 books such as novels and other \*specialized books in Zaw Zaw's library. Mr. Zaw Zaw, who \*runs the library, is called "the library hero". He left school when he was in the fourth grade because he was poor. Later, he started his library (参) selling fish. I want to know why he started the library \*even though he was poor.
- B: Zaw Zaw's parents were poor farmers and they did not have enough money to buy his school uniform or textbooks, so he could not continue to go to school. This made Zaw Zaw very sad. Later, he thought to himself, "I do not (*v*) to / the same / children / have / want / feelings as I did." In 2008, he decided to start his own library to give children a brighter future. The library is open from 9 am to 5 pm. People can enter the library and borrow books which they like. I am surprised to hear that there is no time limit for book returns and no need to \*sign up for a library card, and 95% of the books are returned without any problems.

- C: In the beginning, Zaw Zaw's library only had a few books. He asked his old friends to give their old books. People heard about Zaw Zaw's library. More and more people came to use the library. Some gave money. Zaw Zaw also made speeches about the library. He said, "I sometimes want to buy a nice car or a new television, but (<sup>5</sup>) <u>I</u> feel happier when people enjoy reading books at the library." I was deeply moved by Zaw Zaw's words.
- D: I hear that a book changed the life of a young boy in Myanmar. He came to Zaw Zaw's library and found a book there. The book gave him the idea to be a doctor. He studied hard, and finally passed the exam for medical school. Zaw Zaw's library has many books, but there are not enough books for young children. I think we should give our old books to libraries like Zaw Zaw's in other countries too, and help to change the lives of young children. In this lesson I learned that even one book can change a person's life. I think we can do more to help children around the world. I'll  $(\dot{\chi})$ .
  - [注] Myanmar ミャンマー(東南アジアにある国)
    specialized 専門的な run ~を運営する
    even though ~であるけれども sign up for ~の登録を申し込む
- ① (あ) に入れる語を下から一つ選びなさい。

- ② (い)の語句をすべて用いて、意味が通るように並べかえなさい。
- ③ (う)を日本語にしなさい。
- ④ あなたがDさんになったつもりで、(え)に5語以上の英語を入れなさい。
- ⑤ 以下のア〜エは4人のそれぞれの発表にタイトルをつけたものです。それぞれどの人物の発表か、A~Dの記号で答えなさい。
  - $\mathcal{T}$  What does Zaw Zaw think about the library?
  - ✓ Why is this library unique?
  - $\dot{\mathcal{P}}$  What can we do for children?
  - ⊥ Who is Zaw Zaw?

at / by / on / in / with

## 次の英文は、中学生の Kenta が東京都の小笠原諸島について書いた作文です。①~⑤ に答えなさい。

Do you know that Tokyo has many beautiful islands? They are known as the Ogasawara Islands. The islands are famous for their rich nature, beautiful beaches and mountains. The islands are 1,000 kilometers south of Tokyo. Many unique and different kinds of animals and plants can be found on the islands. For example, the Bonin fruit bat, *Ogasawara Ohkoumori*, lives only on the Ogasawara Islands. It sleeps in a tree \*during the day, and eats leaves and fruits at night. There are many other unique animals and plants on the islands. So the islands are known as the " $(\mathfrak{F})$  <u>Galapagos Islands in the East</u>".

The government of Tokyo protects the Ogasawara islands' nature. The islands became a \*National Park in 1972. In 2011, they \*were registered as a \*Natural World Heritage Site and became popular among \*tourists. However, that brought about some problems. Some plants and animals were introduced to the islands by tourists and changed the islands' \*natural habitat. Soon, some of the island's native plants and animals began (v). The government of Tokyo and people on the islands made rules to try to protect them.

The distance from Tokyo is another problem. If people become sick there and needs to go to a big hospital, they must go to Tokyo by ship. Now, ships go to Tokyo only once a week, and take about 24 hours! It is possible to fly from Ogasawara to Tokyo in two and a half hours. About thirty years ago, the government of Tokyo made a plan to build an airport on Ani-jima Island, one of the Ogasawara's islands. However, the airport's plan was not popular mainly because of its \*effect on the islands' nature. Now, the \*town mayor of the Ogasawara Islands says, "We need an airport. It is important for our lives. We really hope that (5)."

A new airport plan has started. [ A ] The area for the airport was changed to Chichijima Island, because it is outside \*the World Heritage Site and the National Park area. Also, the \*runway was changed from 1,200 meters to less than 1,000 meters. The new plan is more popular than the old plan. [ B ] However, some experts still say, "We are afraid that the unique and beautiful nature of the Ogasawara Islands will \*be damaged if an airport is built." [ C ] Also, they say, "We should be very careful about the natural habitats both inside and outside the Natural World Heritage Site." [ D ] If they are not protected, the Ogasawara islands may lose its Natural World Heritage \*status. Building an airport should be carefully planned to do the best for the islands and the people living there.

5

(4枚のうちの3枚め)

〔注〕 during the day 日中	National Park 国立公園
were registered 登録された	Natural World Heritage Site 世界自然遺産
tourist 旅行者	natural habitat 自然の生息地
effect 影響	town mayor 町長
the World Heritage Site 世界遺産	runway 滑走路
be damaged 被害を受ける	status 地位

①下線部(あ)について、島がその名前で知られている理由を説明する以下の文の に適当な日本語を入れなさい。

② (い) に入れるのに最も適当なのは、アーエのうちではどれですか。一つ答えなさい。

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ア dying イ crying ウ sleeping エ moving
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③あなたが小笠原の町長になったつもりで、(う)に5語以上の英語を書きなさい。

④次の英文を入れるのに最も適当なのは、本文中の〔 A 〕~〔 D 〕のうちどれですか。一 つ答えなさい。

If smaller airplanes are used, the effect on the nature may be smaller.

⑤本文の内容と合っているのは、アーオのうちでどれですか。当てはまるものをすべて答えなさい。

- ${\mathcal T}\,$  The Bonin fruit bat comes from Honshu Islands.
- ✓ The Ogasawara islands became a Natural World Heritage in 2012, but people in the world didn't know the news.
- onumber / People on the Ogasawara islands can go to Tokyo by ship in around 24 hours.
- $rac{T}$  The government of Tokyo built an airport on one of the Ogasawara Islands.
- $\Rightarrow$  If the nature of the Ogasawara islands is not protected, they won't be a Natural World Heritage any more.